

GENERAL INFORMATION

HAMMER-CAPSULE®

Drive-In Capsule Adhesive

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The Hammer-Capsule system consists of a self contained, single use, two-part glass capsule into which threaded anchor rod or reinforcing bars can be directly driven without the need for a chisel point or spinning action. It is designed for use in the installation of 3/8" through 1" diameter threaded rod in solid concrete and masonry materials. It can also be used to install reinforcing bars.

A mixture of hardener and quartz aggregate is contained in the upper portion of the capsule while the lower portion contains an epoxy acrylate resin. Unlike traditional capsule anchors which required the use of chisel-pointed anchor rod and special installation tools, the Hammer-Capsule is designed for use with straight cut anchor rod.

GENERAL APPLICATIONS AND USES

- Anchoring rebar (doweling), and threaded anchor rods in solid concrete and grouted concrete masonry
- Steel erection including anchoring of equipment and column base plates
- Resistant to vibratory loads introduced from machinery, moving vehicles, etc
- Barriers, fencing and railing attachments

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- + Fast, easy installation - no special adaptors required for setting
- + Excellent chemical resistance
- + Components are mixed during installation of rod or rebar
- + Pre-measured chemical component volumes – no waste and simplified placement
- + Ideal for small projects

APPROVALS AND LISTINGS

- Department of Transportation listings - see www.DEWALT.com or contact transportation agency
- Independently tested to ASTM E1512 and AC58 criteria including creep resistance

GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS

CSI Divisions: 03 16 00 - Concrete Anchors, 04 05 19.16 - Masonry Anchors and 05 05 19 - Post-Installed Concrete Anchors. Capsule adhesive anchoring system shall be Hammer-Capsule as supplied by DEWALT, Towson, MD.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

Physical Properties

Shelf Life	2 Years
Storage Conditions	Store dry at 40° to 90°F and out of direct sunlight
Installation Temperature	Condition capsules to 60°F minimum for best results
Color	Mixed adhesive mortar – amber
Consistency (mixed, prior to curing)	Paste mortar

Curing Times¹

Minimum Base Material Temperature	Curing Time
68°F (20°C)	1 hour
50°F (10°C)	2 hours
32°F (0°C)	5 hours

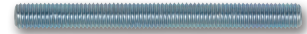
1. Cure time should be doubled for wet concrete.

SECTION CONTENTS

General Information..... 1
 Material Specifications 1
 Installation Specifications 2
 Steel Material 3
 Performance Data 4
 Design Criteria (Allowable Stress Design)..... 5
 Ordering Information..... 6



HAMMER-CAPSULE



STRAIGHT CUT THREADED ROD

ANCHOR SIZE RANGE (TYPICAL)

- 3/8" to 1" diameter rod
- No. 3 to No. 8 reinforcing bar

SUITABLE BASE MATERIALS

- Normal-weight concrete
- Grouted concrete masonry

PERMISSIBLE INSTALLATION CONDITIONS (ADHESIVE)

- Dry concrete
- Water-saturated concrete (wet)

INSTALLATION SPECIFICATIONS

ADHESIVES

HAMMER-CAPSULE®
Drive-In Capsule Adhesive

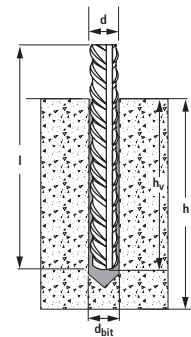
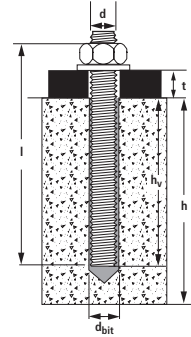
Hammer-Capsule^{1,2}

Dimension	Hammer-Capsule, Nominal Size					
	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"	7/8"	1"
Capsule Diameter (in.)	0.43	0.51	0.67	0.78	0.87	0.95
Capsule Length (in.)	3.50	4.30	5.00	5.50	6.89	8.25
Mortar Volume (in ³)	0.40	0.70	1.40	2.05	3.25	4.50
Mortar Volume (fl. oz.)	0.22	0.39	0.77	1.13	1.79	2.48

1. The mortar volume listed is for the mixed material.
2. The diameter and length may be different than capsules offered by other suppliers because of variations in air content. When comparing capsules, use the installed mortar volume.

Nomenclature

- d = Diameter of anchor
- d_{bit} = Diameter of drill bit
- d_h = Diameter of fixture clearance hole
- h = Base material thickness
The minimum value of h should be 1.5h_v
- h_v = Minimum embedment depth
- ℓ = Overall length of anchor
- T_{max} = Maximum tightening torque (only possible after curing time)



Threaded Rod in Normal-Weight Concrete

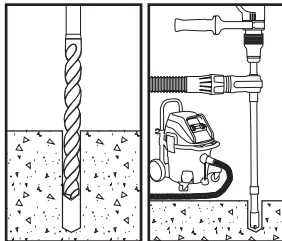
Dimension	Hammer-Capsule, Nominal Size					
	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"	7/8"	1"
A _{nom} = Nominal area of threaded rod (in ²)	0.111	0.196	0.307	0.442	0.601	0.785
A _{se} = Tensile stress area of rod (in ²)	0.078	0.142	0.226	0.335	0.462	0.606
d _{bit} = Nominal bit diameter (in.)	7/16	9/16	11/16	7/8	1	1-1/8
h _v = Minimum Embedment Depth (in.)	3-1/2	4-1/4	5	6 5/8	7	8-1/4
T _{max} = Max. tightening torque range (ft.-lbs.)	7.5-10	11-15	26-35	56-75	75-100	112-150
Mortar per inch (in ³)	0.094	0.133	0.184	0.326	0.390	0.478

Reinforcing Bar in Normal-Weight Concrete¹

Dimension	Reinforcing Bar Size					
	No.3	No.4	No.5	No.6	No.7	No.8
A _{nom} = Nominal area of threaded rod (in ²)	0.110	0.200	0.310	0.440	0.600	0.790
d _{bit} = Nominal bit diameter (in.)	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1-1/8
h _v = Minimum Embedment Depth (in.)	3-1/2	4-1/4	5	6	7	8-1/4
Mortar per inch (in ³)	0.111	0.142	0.176	0.220	0.252	0.537

1. Adhesive mortar volumes for reinforcing bar are based on smooth bars. Actual mortar volume required will be less due to raised deformations on bars.

Installation Guidelines



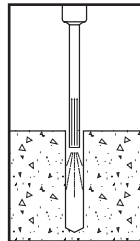
Step 1
Drill a hole using a carbide tipped bit meeting the diameter requirements of ANSI B212.15 to the minimum depth required as shown in the chart.

Precaution: Use suitable eye and skin protection. Avoid inhalation of dust during drilling and/or removal.

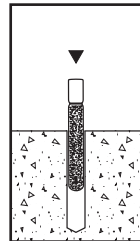
Note! In case of standing water in the drilled hole (flooded hole condition), all the water has to be removed from the hole (e.g. vacuum, compressed air, etc.) prior to cleaning.

Drilling in dry base materials is recommended when using hollow drill bits (vacuum must be on).

Note! Consideration must be given to installation direction. Overhead installations with glass capsules are sensitive and extremely dependent upon the skill and care taken by the user; additional equipment not supplied by DEWALT may be required. Consequently DEWALT does not recommend the use of the Hammer Capsule for overhead applications at this time. Use of the product in adverse installation conditions should not be done without proper training and direct supervision by the Design Professional.

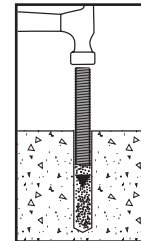


Step 2
Starting from the bottom or back of the anchor hole, remove dust and debris from the hole (e.g. dust extractor) to remove loose particles from drilling, brush the hole with a nylon brush, and again remove any remaining loose particles. Anchor holes may be dry or damp, but should be free of standing water or frost. Vacuuming only is not sufficient. Blow out bulbs generally do not provide enough dust removal for most drilled anchor holes. Holes should be clean and sound



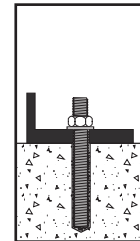
Step 3
Prior to installation check the capsule to be sure it is not damaged and invert several times at 60°F or above to confirm all of the resin is in a liquid state. Insert the capsule into the hole.

Note! Be careful to observe the direction of insertion. The arrow on the capsule should point toward the bottom of the hole.



Step 4
Drive the threaded rod or reinforcing bar into the anchor hole through the capsule until it is fully embedded. A 2-pound hammer and eye protection are recommended.

A rotary hammer set in the hammering only mode and Chem-Stud drive adapters can also be used. Stop driving immediately upon reaching the bottom of the anchor hole.



Step 5
Allow the Hammer-Capsule to cure for specified time before loading anchor. Do not disturb, torque or load the anchor once the material has begun to set.

STEEL MATERIAL

Material Properties for Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bar

Anchor Type	Steel Description	Steel Specification (ASTM)	Rod Dia. or Rebar Size (inch or No.)	Minimum Yield Strength, f _y (ksi)	Minimum Ultimate Strength, f _u (ksi)
Threaded Rod	Standard carbon rod	A36	All	36.0	58.0
		A307 Grade C or F1554, Grade 36	3/8 thru 4	36.0	58.0
	High strength carbon rod	A 193, Grade B7	3/8 thru 2-1/2	105.0	120.0
	Stainless Rod (Type 304 / 316 SS)	F 593, Condition CW	3/8 thru 5/8	65.0	100.0
3/4 thru 1-1/2			45.0	85.0	
Reinforcing Bar	Grade 40 Rebar	A 615, A 706, A 767 or A996	All	40.0	70.0
	Grade 60 Rebar			60.0	90.0

Allowable Steel Strength Capacities for Threaded Rod

Anchor Diameter d in. (mm)	Allowable Tension				Allowable Shear			
	ASTM A36 lbs. (kN)	ASTM F1554 Grade 36 lbs. (kN)	ASTM A193 Grade B7 lbs. (kN)	ASTM F593 304/316 SS lbs. (kN)	ASTM A36 lbs. (kN)	ASTM F1554 Grade 36 lbs. (kN)	ASTM A193 Grade B7 lbs. (kN)	ASTM F593 304/316 SS lbs. (kN)
3/8 (9.5)	2,115 (9.5)	2,115 (9.5)	4,375 (19.7)	3,630 (16.3)	1,090 (4.9)	1,090 (4.9)	2,255 (10.1)	1,870 (8.4)
1/2 (12.7)	3,755 (16.9)	3,755 (16.9)	7,775 (35.0)	6,470 (29.1)	1,940 (8.7)	1,940 (8.7)	4,055 (18.2)	3,330 (15.0)
5/8 (15.9)	5,870 (26.4)	5,870 (26.4)	12,150 (54.7)	10,130 (45.6)	3,025 (13.6)	3,025 (13.6)	6,260 (28.2)	5,210 (23.4)
3/4 (19.1)	8,455 (38.0)	8,455 (38.0)	17,495 (78.7)	12,400 (55.8)	4,355 (19.6)	4,355 (19.6)	9,010 (40.5)	6,390 (28.8)
7/8 (22.2)	11,510 (51.8)	11,510 (51.8)	23,810 (107.1)	16,860 (75.9)	5,930 (26.7)	5,930 (26.7)	12,265 (55.2)	8,680 (39.1)
1 (25.4)	15,035 (67.7)	15,035 (67.7)	31,100 (140.0)	22,020 (99.1)	7,745 (34.9)	7,745 (34.9)	16,020 (72.1)	11,340 (51.0)

1. Allowable steel strength capacities are based on the standard minimum strengths of the tabulated materials.

Allowable Steel Strength Capacities for Reinforcing Bar

Bar Size	Tension lbs. (kN)		Shear lbs. (kN)	
	Grade 40	Grade 60	Grade 40	Grade 60
No. 3 (3/8")	2,200 (9.9)	2,640 (11.9)	1,310 (5.9)	1,680 (7.6)
No. 4 (1/2")	4,000 (18.0)	4,800 (21.6)	2,380 (10.7)	3,060 (13.8)
No. 5 (5/8")	6,200 (27.9)	7,440 (33.5)	3,690 (16.6)	4,740 (21.3)
No. 6 (3/4")	8,800 (39.6)	10,560 (47.5)	5,235 (23.6)	6,730 (30.3)
No. 7 (7/8")	12,000 (54.0)	14,400 (64.8)	7,140 (32.1)	9,180 (41.3)
No. 8 (1")	15,800 (71.1)	18,960 (85.3)	9,400 (42.3)	12,085 (54.4)

1. Allowable steel strength capacities are based on the requirements of ASTM A 615.

Note:
 Allowable design load must be the lesser of allowable steel strength (as shown on this page) and the allowable bond capacities.
 Allowable steel strength values for threaded rod are based on the following equations:
 $T = 0.33 * f_u * A_{nom}$
 $V = 0.17 * f_u * A_{nom}$
 And, the allowable steel strength values for reinforcing bar are based on the following equations:
 $T = f_s * A_{br}$
 $V = 0.17 * f_u * A_{br}$
 Where:
 T = Allowable tension load (pounds).
 V = Allowable shear load (pounds).
 f_u = Minimum specified ultimate strength (psi).
 f_s = Tensile stress area in reinforcement (psi).
 A_{nom} = Nominal cross-sectional area of threaded rod (in²).
 A_{br} = Nominal cross-sectional area of reinforcing bar (in²).

PERFORMANCE DATA

Ultimate Load Capacities for Threaded Rod Installed with Hammer-Capsule in Normal-Weight Concrete^{1,2}



Anchor Dia. d in. (mm)	Min. Embed. Depth h in. (mm)	Capsules Required	Minimum Concrete Compressive Strength (f'c)									
			2,000 psi (13.8 MPa)		3,000 psi (20.7 MPa)		4,000 psi (27.6 MPa)		5,000 psi (34.5 MPa)		6,000 psi (41.4 MPa)	
			Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)
3/8 (9.5)	3-1/2 (88.9)	One 3/8"	4,920 (22.1)	4,440 (20.0)	5,880 (26.5)	4,440 (20.0)	6,120 (27.5)	4,440 (20.0)	6,320 (28.2)	4,440 (20.0)	6,320 (28.2)	4,440 (20.0)
	7 (177.8)	Two 3/8"	9,840 (44.3)	4,440 (20.0)	11,760 (52.9)	4,440 (20.0)	12,240 (55.1)	4,440 (20.0)	12,640 (56.4)	4,440 (20.0)	12,640 (56.4)	4,440 (20.0)
1/2 (12.7)	4-1/4 (108.0)	One 1/2"	8,235 (37.1)	10,720 (48.2)	10,240 (45.7)	10,720 (48.2)	10,240 (45.7)	10,720 (48.2)	10,240 (45.7)	10,720 (48.2)	10,240 (45.7)	10,720 (48.2)
	8-1/2 (215.9)	Two 1/2"	16,470 (74.1)	10,720 (48.2)	20,460 (91.3)	10,720 (48.2)	20,460 (91.3)	10,720 (48.2)	20,460 (91.3)	10,720 (48.2)	20,460 (91.3)	10,720 (48.2)
5/8 (15.9)	5 (127.0)	One 5/8"	10,160 (45.7)	17,160 (77.2)	13,080 (58.9)	17,160 (77.2)	15,060 (67.2)	17,160 (77.2)	15,060 (67.2)	17,160 (77.2)	15,060 (67.2)	17,160 (77.2)
	10 (254.0)	Two 5/8"	20,320 (91.4)	17,160 (77.2)	26,160 (117.7)	17,160 (77.2)	30,100 (134.4)	17,160 (77.2)	30,100 (134.4)	17,160 (77.2)	30,100 (134.4)	17,160 (77.2)
3/4 (19.1)	6 (152.4)	One 3/4"	13,080 (58.9)	24,990 (112.5)	17,125 (77.1)	24,990 (112.5)	17,990 (81.0)	24,990 (112.5)	19,190 (86.4)	24,990 (112.5)	20,390 (91.8)	24,990 (112.5)
	12 (304.8)	Two 3/4"	26,160 (117.7)	24,990 (112.5)	34,250 (154.1)	24,990 (112.5)	35,980 (161.9)	24,990 (112.5)	38,380 (172.7)	24,990 (112.5)	40,780 (183.5)	24,990 (112.5)
7/8 (22.2)	7 (177.8)	One 7/8"	16,265 (73.2)	35,600 (160.2)	21,065 (94.8)	35,600 (160.2)	24,640 (110.9)	35,600 (160.2)	28,425 (127.9)	35,600 (160.2)	29,500 (32.9)	35,600 (160.2)
	14 (355.6)	Two 7/8"	32,530 (146.4)	35,600 (160.2)	42,130 (189.6)	35,600 (160.2)	49,280 (221.8)	35,600 (160.2)	56,850 (255.8)	35,600 (160.2)	59,000 (263.4)	35,600 (160.2)
1 (25.4)	8-1/4 (209.6)	One 1"	28,720 (129.2)	46,840 (210.8)	32,265 (145.2)	46,840 (210.8)	32,495 (146.2)	46,840 (210.8)	35,205 (158.4)	46,840 (210.8)	37,920 (170.6)	46,840 (210.8)
	16-1/2 (419.1)	Two 1"	57,440 (258.5)	46,840 (210.8)	64,530 (290.4)	46,840 (210.8)	64,990 (292.5)	46,840 (210.8)	70,410 (316.8)	46,840 (210.8)	75,840 (341.3)	46,840 (210.8)

1. Ultimate load capacities should be reduced by a minimum safety factor of 4.0 or greater to determine the allowable working load. Consideration of safety factors of 10.0 or higher may be necessary depending on the application, such as life safety.
2. Linear interpolation may be used to determine ultimate load capacities for intermediate embedments and compressive strengths.

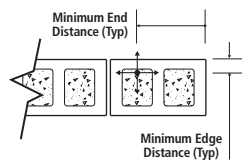
Allowable Load Capacities for Threaded Rod Installed with Hammer-Capsule in Normal-Weight Concrete^{1,2,3}

Anchor Dia. d in. (mm)	Min. Embed. Depth h in. (mm)	Capsules Required	Minimum Concrete Compressive Strength (f'c)									
			2,000 psi (13.8 MPa)		3,000 psi (20.7 MPa)		4,000 psi (27.6 MPa)		5,000 psi (34.5 MPa)		6,000 psi (41.4 MPa)	
			Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)
3/8 (9.5)	3-1/2 (88.9)	One 3/8"	1,230 (5.5)	1,110 (5.0)	1,470 (6.6)	1,110 (5.0)	1,530 (6.9)	1,110 (5.0)	1,580 (7.1)	1,110 (5.0)	1,580 (7.1)	1,110 (5.0)
	7 (177.8)	Two 3/8"	2,460 (11.1)	1,110 (5.0)	2,940 (13.2)	1,110 (5.0)	3,060 (13.8)	1,110 (5.0)	3,160 (14.1)	1,110 (5.0)	3,160 (14.1)	1,110 (5.0)
1/2 (12.7)	4-1/4 (108.0)	One 1/2"	2,060 (9.3)	2,680 (12.1)	2,560 (11.4)	2,680 (12.1)	2,560 (11.4)	2,680 (12.1)	2,560 (11.4)	2,680 (12.1)	2,560 (11.4)	2,680 (12.1)
	8-1/2 (215.9)	Two 1/2"	4,120 (18.5)	2,680 (12.1)	5,115 (22.8)	2,680 (12.1)	5,115 (22.8)	2,680 (12.1)	5,115 (22.8)	2,680 (12.1)	5,115 (22.8)	2,680 (12.1)
5/8 (15.9)	5 (127.0)	One 5/8"	2,540 (11.4)	4,290 (19.3)	3,270 (14.7)	4,290 (19.3)	3,765 (16.8)	4,290 (19.3)	3,765 (16.8)	4,290 (19.3)	3,765 (16.8)	4,290 (19.3)
	10 (254.0)	Two 5/8"	5,080 (22.9)	4,290 (19.3)	6,540 (29.4)	4,290 (19.3)	7,525 (33.6)	4,290 (19.3)	7,525 (33.6)	4,290 (19.3)	7,525 (33.6)	4,290 (19.3)
3/4 (19.1)	6 (152.4)	One 3/4"	3,270 (14.7)	6,250 (28.1)	4,280 (19.3)	6,250 (28.1)	4,500 (20.3)	6,250 (28.1)	4,800 (21.6)	6,250 (28.1)	5,100 (23.0)	6,250 (28.1)
	12 (304.8)	Two 3/4"	6,540 (29.4)	6,250 (28.1)	8,565 (38.5)	6,250 (28.1)	8,995 (40.5)	6,250 (28.1)	9,595 (43.2)	6,250 (28.1)	10,195 (45.9)	6,250 (28.1)
7/8 (22.2)	7 (177.8)	One 7/8"	4,065 (18.3)	8,900 (40.1)	5,265 (23.7)	8,900 (40.1)	6,160 (27.7)	8,900 (40.1)	7,105 (32.0)	8,900 (40.1)	7,375 (32.9)	8,900 (40.1)
	14 (355.6)	Two 7/8"	8,135 (36.6)	8,900 (40.1)	10,535 (47.4)	8,900 (40.1)	12,320 (55.4)	8,900 (40.1)	14,215 (64.0)	8,900 (40.1)	14,750 (65.0)	8,900 (40.1)
1 (25.4)	8-1/4 (209.6)	One 1"	7,180 (32.3)	11,710 (52.7)	8,065 (36.3)	11,710 (52.7)	8,125 (36.6)	11,710 (52.7)	8,800 (39.6)	11,710 (52.7)	9,480 (42.7)	11,710 (52.7)
	16-1/2 (419.1)	Two 1"	14,360 (64.6)	11,710 (52.7)	16,135 (72.6)	11,710 (52.7)	16,250 (73.1)	11,710 (52.7)	17,605 (79.2)	11,710 (52.7)	18,960 (85.3)	11,710 (52.7)

1. Allowable bond capacities are calculated using an applied safety factor of 4.0. Consideration of safety factors of 10.0 or higher may be necessary depending on the application, such as life safety.
2. Linear interpolation may be used to determine allowable bond capacities for intermediate embedments and compressive strengths.
3. Allowable design load should be the lesser of the bond or allowable steel strength.

Ultimate Load Capacities for Threaded Rod Installed with Hammer-Capsule in Grout-Filled Concrete Masonry^{1,2,3}

Anchor installed in Cell Opening (Top of Wall) For Sill Plates and Other Attachments							
Anchor Diameter d in. (mm)	Drill Bit Diameter d _{bit} in.	Minimum Block Width in. (mm)	Minimum Embedment Depth h in. (mm)	Minimum Edge Distance in. (mm)	Minimum End Distance in. (mm)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear Towards the Edge lbs. (kN)
3/8 (9.5)	7/16	6 (152.4)	3-1/2 (88.9)	2-1/4 (57.2)	4 (101.6)	2,756 (12.4)	1,622 (7.3)
1/2 (12.7)	9/16	6 (152.4)	4-1/4 (108.0)	2-3/4 (69.9)	4 (101.6)	4,902 (22.0)	2,086 (9.3)
5/8 (15.9)	11/16	8 (203.2)	5 (127.0)	2-3/4 (69.9)	11-1/4 (285.8)	6,189 (27.7)	1,877 (8.4)
3/4 (19.1)	7/8	8 (203.2)	6-5/8 (168.3)	2-3/4 (69.9)	11-1/4 (285.8)	7,887 (35.3)	2,005 (9.0)
7/8 (22.2)	1	8 (203.2)	7 (177.8)	3-3/4 (95.3)	11-1/4 (285.8)	8,648 (38.8)	3,379 (15.1)
1 (25.4)	1-1/8	8 (203.2)	8-1/4 (209.6)	3-3/4 (95.3)	11-1/4 (285.8)	10,679 (47.9)	3,139 (14.1)



Minimum End Distance (Typ)

Minimum Edge Distance (Typ)

Top of Wall

- Tabulated load capacities are for anchors installed in minimum Grade N, Type II, lightweight, medium-weight or normal-weight concrete masonry units conforming to ASTM C 90 that are fully grouted and have reached a designated minimum compressive strength at the time of installation. Mortar must be Types N, S or M.
- The allowable loads are calculated using a safety factor of 5.0. Consideration of safety factors of 10 or higher may be necessary depending on the application, such as life safety.
- Masonry members must have a minimum nominal width of 8 inches with the exception of 3/8" and 1/2" diameter anchors which may be installed in minimum nominal 6-inch width masonry members.

DESIGN CRITERIA (ALLOWABLE STRESS DESIGN)

Combined Loading

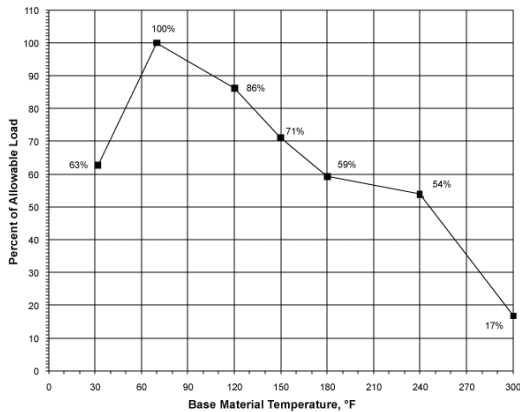
For anchors loaded in both shear and tension, the combination of loads should be proportioned as follows:

$$\left(\frac{N_u}{N_n}\right) + \left(\frac{V_u}{V_n}\right) \leq 1$$

Where: N_u = Applied Service Tension Load
 N_n = Allowable Tension Load
 V_u = Applied Service Shear Load
 V_n = Allowable Shear Load

In-Service Temperature

Allowable tension and shear load bond strength reduction based on in-service temperature for the Hammer-Capsule adhesive.



Temperature Conversion		
Degree Fahrenheit (°F)	Degree Celsius (°C)	Percent Allowable Load (%)
32	0	63
70	21	100
120	49	86
150	65	71
180	82	59
240	115	54
300	149	17

LOAD ADJUSTMENT FACTORS FOR SPACING AND EDGE DISTANCES

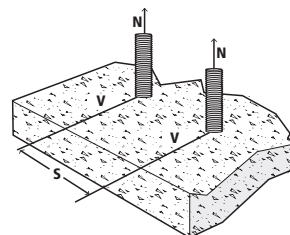
Anchor Installed in Normal-Weight Concrete

Anchor Dimension	Load Type	Critical Distance (Full Anchor Capacity)	Critical Load Factor	Minimum Distance (Reduced Capacity)	Minimum Load Factor
Spacing (s)	Tension and Shear	$S_{cr} = 8d$	$F_{NS} = F_{VS} = 1.0$	$S_{min} = 4d$	$F_{NS} = F_{VS} = 0.70$
Edge Distance (c)	Tension	$C_{cr} = 8d$	$F_{NC} = 1.0$	$C_{min} = 4d$	$F_{NC} = 0.60$
	Shear	$C_{cr} = 12d$	$F_{VC} = 1.0$	$C_{min} = 4d$	$F_{VC} = 0.50$

Spacing, Tension (F_{NS}) & Shear (F_{VS})

Dia. (in.)	1/4	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	
s_c (in.)	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
s_{min} (in.)	1	1-1/2	2	2-1/2	3	3-1/2	4	
Spacing, s (inches)	1	0.70	-	-	-	-	-	
	1-1/2	0.85	0.70	-	-	-	-	
	2	1.00	0.80	0.70	-	-	-	
	2-1/2	1.00	0.90	0.78	0.70	-	-	
	3	1.00	1.00	0.85	0.76	0.70	-	
	3-1/2	1.00	1.00	0.93	0.82	0.75	0.70	
	4	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.80	0.74	0.70
	5	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.90	0.83	0.78
	5-1/2	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.87	0.81
6	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.91	0.85	
7	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.93	
8	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	

Notes: For anchors loaded in tension and shear, the critical spacing (s_c) is equal to 8 anchor diameters (8d) at which the anchor achieves 100% of load. Minimum spacing (s_{min}) is equal to 4 anchor diameters (4d) at which the anchor achieves 70% of load.

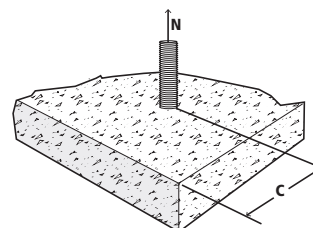


Edge Distance, Tension (F_{NC})

Dia. (in.)	1/4	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	
c_c (in.)	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
c_{min} (in.)	1	1-1/2	2	2-1/2	3	3-1/2	4	
Edge Distance, c (inches)	1	0.60	-	-	-	-	-	
	1-1/2	0.80	0.60	-	-	-	-	
	2	1.00	0.73	0.60	-	-	-	
	2-1/2	1.00	0.87	0.70	0.60	-	-	
	3	1.00	1.00	0.80	0.68	0.60	-	
	3-1/2	1.00	1.00	0.90	0.76	0.67	0.60	
	4	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.84	0.73	0.66	0.60
	5	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.87	0.77	0.70
	6	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.89	0.80
7	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.90	
8	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	

Notes: For anchors loaded in tension, the critical edge distance (c_c) is equal to 8 anchor diameters (8d) at which the anchor achieves 100% of load.

Minimum edge distance (c_{min}) is equal to 4 anchor diameters (4d) at which the anchor achieves 60% of load.

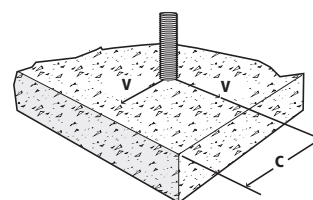


Edge Distance, Shear (F_{VC})

Dia. (in.)	1/4	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	
c_c (in.)	3	4-1/2	6	7-1/2	9	10-1/2	12	
c_{min} (in.)	1	1-1/2	2	2-1/2	3	3-1/2	4	
Edge Distance, c (inches)	1-1/2	0.63	0.50	-	-	-	-	
	2	0.75	0.58	0.50	-	-	-	
	2-1/2	0.88	0.67	0.56	0.50	-	-	
	3	1.00	0.75	0.63	0.55	0.50	-	
	3-1/2	1.00	0.83	0.69	0.60	0.54	0.50	
	4	1.00	0.92	0.75	0.65	0.58	0.54	0.50
	4-1/2	1.00	1.00	0.81	0.70	0.63	0.57	0.53
	5	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.75	0.67	0.61	0.56
	5-1/2	1.00	1.00	0.94	0.80	0.71	0.64	0.59
	6	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.85	0.75	0.68	0.63
	7-1/2	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.79	0.72
	9	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.89	0.81
	10-1/2	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.91
12	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	

Notes: For anchors loaded in shear, the critical edge distance (c_c) is equal to 12 anchor diameters (12d) at which the anchor achieves 100% of load.

Minimum edge distance (c_{min}) is equal to 4 anchor diameters (4d) at which the anchor achieves 50% of load.



ORDERING INFORMATION

Hammer-Capsule

Cat.No.	Description	Pack Qty.	Carton Qty.
06702-PWR	3/8" Hammer-Capsule	10	500
06703-PWR	1/2" Hammer-Capsule	10	200
06704-PWR	5/8" Hammer-Capsule	10	100
06705-PWR	3/4" Hammer-Capsule	6	60
06706-PWR	7/8" Hammer-Capsule	6	60
06707-PWR	1" Hammer-Capsule	6	60

For availability of threaded rod please contact DEWALT

