SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier EcoWhite EPDM Splice Adhesive (For Flashing)

Other means of identification

Product code W56358705B

Recommended use Construction. Adhesive.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Holcim Solutions and Products US, LLC Distributed by

Address 26 Century Boulevard, Suite 205

Nashville, TN 37214

Elevate™ is a Holcim Solutions and Products US, LLC brand.

Website holcimelevate.com **Telephone Number** 1-800-428-4442

Emergency Telephone

Number

For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Incident:

CHEMTREC within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300

CHEMTREC outside USA and Canada: +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Flammable liquids **Physical hazards** Category 2 **Health hazards** Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B

Sensitization, skin Category 1 Carcinogenicity Category 2 Reproductive toxicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 2 (central nervous system, hearing

exposure

organs) Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

Category 2

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Category 2

Aspiration hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Environmental hazards



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin

irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated

exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, dry powder; water fog (large fires) to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information

None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Toluene	108-88-3	30 - 60
n-Hexane	110-54-3	7 - 13
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	3 - 7
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	1 - 5
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1
Hexamethylene diisocyanate	28182-81-2	0.1 - <1
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	< 0.5

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless otherwise indicated.

Components not listed are either non-hazardous or are below reportable limits.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison

center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area, Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

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General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Larger fires: Dry powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water fog. Small fires: Dry powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed such as: Carbon oxides (COx).

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent product from entering drains.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components	ninants (29 CFR 1910.1000) Type	Value	Form
Cyclohexane (CAS 10-82-7)	PEL	1050 mg/m3	
,		300 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 00-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
Naphtha (petroleum), nydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	PEL	400 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
(ylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		5 mg/m3	Fume.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
JS. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)		-	
Components	Туре	Value	
oluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
JS. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
JS. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Cyclohexane (CAS 10-82-7)	TWA	100 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
(ylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	TWA	20 ppm	
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)		2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	TWA	z mg/mo	
JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Ha		Value	Form
JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Ha Components	zards Type	Value	·
JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Ha Components Cyclohexane (CAS	zards	Value 1050 mg/m3	·
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2) US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Ha Components Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	zards Type TWA	Value 1050 mg/m3 300 ppm	·
JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Ha Components Cyclohexane (CAS	zards Type	Value 1050 mg/m3	·

Components	Туре	Value	Form
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	400 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	180 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	655 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	Ceiling	15 mg/m3	Dust.
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Fume.

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposu Components	ıre Indices Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	50 mg/g	1,2-Cyclohexan ediol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.5 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedio ne, without hydrolysis	Urine	*	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*	
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*	
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*	

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.

5 mg/m3

Dust.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Skin designation applies.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Danger of cutaneous absorption

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear approved chemical safety goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include:

Fluoroelastomer (FKM). Polyethylene/Ethylene Vinyl Alcohol (PE/EVAL). Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA).

Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Skin protection

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Appropriate respirator selection should be made by a qualified

professional.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical stateLiquid.FormLiquid.ColorTan.

Odor Characteristic.
Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not determined; mixture is not soluble in water.

Melting point/freezing point Not determined.

Initial boiling point and boiling 156.2 °F (69 °C)

range

Flash point

-14.8 °F (-26 °C)

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%) 1.2 Explosive limit - upper (%) 7.4

Vapor pressure 160 hPa (68 °F (20 °C))

120 mmHg (68 °F (20 °C))

Vapor density Not determined.

Relative density 0.876

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not miscible or difficult to mix with water.

Partition coefficient Not applicable, product is a mixture.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature Not self-igniting.

Decomposition temperature Not applicable as the product is not unstable.

Viscosity Not determined.

Other information Ignition temperature: 240.0 °C (464 °F)

Solids: 29.0%

Density 7.307 lbs/gal

Explosive properties Not explosive.

Kinematic viscosity Not determined.

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

VOC <= 628 g/l
<= 5.24 lb/gal

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Halogens.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known. In the event of fire: See Section 5.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes eye irritation.

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Components	Species	Test Results
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	12710 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	17.4 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3500 - 4700 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotre	ated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	> 2920 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 23300 mg/m³
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5840 mg/kg

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Components **Species Test Results** n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Acute Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg Inhalation Vapor LC50 Mouse, Rat 169.2 mg/l, 4 Hours Oral LD50 Rat 28710 mg/kg Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) **Acute** Dermal 12200 mg/kg LD50 Rabbit Inhalation Vapor LC50 Rat 28.1 mg/l, 4 Hours Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Acute Oral LD50 Rat 3523 mg/kg Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2) Acute Inhalation LC50 Mouse > 5.7 mg/l, 4 Hours Oral LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye Causes eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicityComponents in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in

laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, hearing organs) through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-	4)		
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.81 - 2.38 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4.2 mg/l, 96 hours
Chronic			
Crustacea	EC50	Ceriodaphnia dubia	3.6 mg/l, 7 days
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	LC50	Daphnia magna	2.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas	2.5 mg/l, 96 hours
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	11.5 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Oncorhynchus kisutch	5.5 mg/l, 96 hours
Chronic			
Crustacea	NOEC	Ceriodaphnia dubia	0.74 mg/l, 7 days
Fish	NOEC	Oncorhynchus kisutch	1.4 mg/l, 40 days
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.6 mg/l, 96 hours
eistonce and dogradability	No data is	s available on the degradability of this product	

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available for this product.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

 Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)
 3.44

 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
 3.15

 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
 2.73

 n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
 3.9

Mobility in soil

No data available.

Other adverse effects

The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not incinerate sealed containers. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal

instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

disposal.

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14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1133 UN proper shipping name Adhesives

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group II
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions 149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 173
Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1133 UN proper shipping name Adhesives

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group II
Environmental hazards Yes.
ERG Code 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number UN1133 UN proper shipping name ADHESIVES

Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group ||

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes. EmS F-E, S-D

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulationsThis product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not established.

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Listed.

(CAS 64742-49-0)

 n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
 Listed.

 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
 Listed.

 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)
 Listed.

 Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)
 Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Yes

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

Classified hazard

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

categories

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation Respiratory or skin sensitization

Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Aspiration hazard

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	1 - 5	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1	
n-Hexane	110-54-3	7 - 13	
Toluene	108-88-3	30 - 60	
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

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Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene, which is known to the State of

California to cause cancer, and Toluene, n-Hexane, which are known to the State of California to

cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go

to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Listed: December 15, 2017

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Hexamethylene diisocyanate (CAS 28182-81-2)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

(PICCS)

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)

United States & Puerto Rico

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

No

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 09-March-2023

Revision date - Version # 01

HMIS® ratings Health: 3*

Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Disclaimer

Holcim Solutions and Products US, LLC cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.