SDS Revision Date:

07/24/2024



2. Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3;H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

2.2. Label elements

THE SEAL OF QUALITY

UFI#: R800-U0RP-S00A-1AQ1

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

[Prevention]:

SDS Revision Date:



07/24/2024

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

P235 Keep cool.

P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 Do not breathe mist / vapors / spray.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

[Response]:

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

[Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

[Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

SDS Revision Date:

07/24/2024



This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Calcium carbonate CAS Number: 0001317-65-3	10 - 25	Not Classified	[1][2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic CAS Number: 0064742-95-6	10 - 25	Asp. Tox. 1;H304	[1]
Styrene-Butylene Copolymer CAS Number: Proprietary	10 - 25	Not Classified	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C6-20, polymers, hydrogenated CAS Number: 0069430-35-9	10 - 25	Combustible Dust	[1]
Titanium dioxide CAS Number: 0013463-67-7	1.0 - 10	Not Classified	[1][2]
Amorphous fumed silica CAS Number: 0112945-52-5	1.0 - 10	Combustible Dust	[1]
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzylbis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)methyl, bis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)dimethylammoniu CAS Number: 0121888-67-3	1.0 - 10	Not Classified	[1]

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

*The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Inhalation	If respiratory discomfort occurs, remove to fresh air. If discomfort continues, administer oxygen and get medical attention.
Eyes	Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.
Skin	If this product comes in contact with skin, remove material with mineral oil, then wash with soap and plenty of water.
Ingestion	If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

SDS Revision Date:



07/24/2024

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview

Fumes from product can be unpleasant, may cause nausea, headache and irritating to eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. **POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS Eye Contact:** May cause tearing, stinging, redness, irritation, and burns. **Inhalation:** Irritating to respiratory tract. Prolonged or repeated breathing of very high vapor concentrations cause euphoria, excitation, and dizziness, headaches, nausea, and vomiting, abdominal pain, fatigue, muscular weakness. Aspiration into the lungs can cause CNS (central nervous system) and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pulmonary edema and chemical pneumonia depression. Chronic overexposure in high concentrations may produce CNS depression. **Ingestion:** Irritation of the mouth, esophagus, and stomach can develop following ingestion. Symptoms include burning of the mouth, sore throat, vomiting, nausea,

dizziness, loss of consciousness. Due to its light viscosity, there is danger of aspiration into the lungs during vomiting. Aspiration can result in severe lung damage or death. **Skin Contact:** Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause moderate to severe irritation including itching and redness of the skin, defatting, and/or dermatitis. This product can also be absorbed through the skin and produce CNS symptoms. Single prolonged exposure is not likely to result in the product being absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. **Signs And Symptoms Of Exposure:** Eye irritation, respiratory irritation, drying and cracking of skin, dizziness, fatigue, headache, unconsciousness or asphyxiation. Chronic effects of ingestion and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pneumatocele (lung cavity) formation and chronic lung dysfunction. Repeated breathing of vapors can cause effects to liver and kidneys.

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.

SDS Revision Date:



07/24/2024

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam, or dry chemical. Water may be used to Cool containers exposed to heat.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

When heated above flash point, material will release flammable vapors which can burn or be explosive in confined spaces if ignited. Do not mix with strong oxidants such as chlorine or concentrated oxygen.

Hazardous decomposition: Hazardous decomposition products include carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO) Nitrogen oxides, smokes and fumes.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Keep cool.

Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Do not breathe mist / vapors / spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

When heated above flash point, material will release flammable vapors which can burn or be explosive in confined spaces if ignited. Do not mix with strong oxidants such as liquid chlorine or concentrated oxygen.

Minimize breathing vapors, gases or fumes of decomposition products. Do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

ERG Guide No.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

When heated above flash point, material will release flammable vapors which can burn or be explosive in confined spaces if ignited. Do not mix with strong oxidants such as chlorine or concentrated oxygen.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

SDS Revision Date:

07/24/2024



When heated above flash point, material will release flammable vapors which can burn or be explosive in confined spaces if ignited. Do not mix with strong oxidants such as chlorine or concentrated oxygen.

Dike or contain spill with earth, floor dry, sand etc. Ventilate the area. Absorb spill with suitable absorbent material and place in a closed container.

Keep product out of sewers and waterways by diking or impounding. Advise authorities if product has entered or may enter sewers or waterways. Assure conformity with applicable governmental regulations.

Eliminate ignition sources. Soak up with noncombustible absorbent material. Remove absorbent material for proper disposal.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation to locations distant from the point of material handling. To prevent from entering buildings or confined areas, close all air intake sources near the material handling or the work area.

Avoid prolonged or repeated inhalation of vapors or spray mists. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Adhere to good hygienic practices. Use with adequate ventilation. Store in a cool, dry place, out of direct sunlight and away from heat, sparks, and flame.

Health studies have shown that many petroleum hydrocarbons pose potential human health risks which may Vary from person to person. As a precaution, exposure to liquids, vapors, mists or fumes should be minimized.

Incompatible materials: May react with strong oxidizing materials.

Other Precautions: All labeled precautions must be observed when handling, storing and transporting empty containers due to product residues. Do not reuse containers. Empty containers may contain material residues which can ignite with explosive force. Cutting or welding of empty containers can cause fire, explosion, or release fumes from residues. Keep containers closed and drum bungs in place. Dispose of in a licensed facility.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Health studies have shown that many petroleum hydrocarbons pose potential human health risks which may vary from person to person. As a precaution, exposure to liquids, vapors, mists or fumes should be minimized.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection



SDS Revision Date:

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value		
0001317-65-3	Calcium carbonate	OSHA	TWA 15 mg/m3 (total) TWA 5 mg/m3 (resp)		
		ACGIH	TWA: 10 mg/m3 Ceiling: 20 mg/m3		
		NIOSH	TWA 10 mg/m3 (total) TWA 5 mg/m3 (resp)		
		Supplier	No Established Limit		
0013463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	OSHA	TWA 15 mg/m3		
		ACGIH	TWA: 10 mg/m32B, Revised 2006,		
		NIOSH	Footnote ca		
		Supplier	No Established Limit		
0064742-95-6	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	OSHA	No Established Limit		
	aromatic	ACGIH	No Established Limit		
		NIOSH	No Established Limit		
		Supplier	No Established Limit		
0069430-35-9		OSHA	No Established Limit		
	hydrogenated	ACGIH	No Established Limit		
		NIOSH	No Established Limit		
		Supplier	No Established Limit		
0112945-52-5 Amorphous fumed silica		OSHA	No Established Limit		
		ACGIH	No Established Limit		
		NIOSH	No Established Limit		
		Supplier	No Established Limit		
0121888-67-3	Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzylbis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)methyl, bis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)dimethylammoniu	OSHA	No Established Limit		
		ACGIH	No Established Limit		
		NIOSH	No Established Limit		
		Supplier	No Established Limit		

The exposure limits for nuisance dust are: OSHA PEL: 15 mg/m3 (50 mppcf*) TWA, ACGIH 10 mg/m3.

SDS Revision Date:



07/24/2024

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value			
0001317-65-3 Calcium carbonate		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No				
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0013463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0064742-95-6	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
	aromatic	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0069430-35-9	Hydrocarbons, C6-20, polymers,	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
	hydrogenated	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0112945-52-5 Amorphous fumed silica		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0121888-67-3	Quaternary ammonium	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
· · ·	compounds, benzylbis(hydrogenated tallow	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
alkyl)methyl, bis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)dimethylammoniu		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			

8.2. Exposure controls

Use supplied-air respirator in confined areas or with vapors in high concentrations. Safety glasses or face shield for liquid material.
Long sleeves and impervious clothing to protect against splashing. Solvent impervious gloves should be worn.
Mechanical/Local Exhaust may be necessary in enclosed areas.
Long sleeves and impervious clothing to protect against splashing. Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

9. Physical and chemical properties

KARNAK THE SEAL OF QUALITY SDS Revision Date:

07/24/2024

Appearance Odor Odor threshold pH Melting point / freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range Flash Point Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Vapor pressure (Pa) Vapor Density Specific Gravity Solubility in Water Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity (cSt) 9.2. Other information No other relevant information. White to colored Liquid Mild Petroleum Not determined Not Measured NA 300-350F (PMCC): 107F min. (Butyl Acetate=1)@77F: 0.2 Not Applicable Lower Explosive Limit: Not Measured Upper Explosive Limit: Not Measured 3 (Air=1): > 4(H2O=1): 1.05 - 1.15 Insoluble Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.
10.2. Chemical stability
Stable under normal circumstances.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
No data available.
10.4. Conditions to avoid
Keep away from heat, spark, open flames
10.5. Incompatible materials
May react with strong oxidizing materials.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products include carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO) Nitrogen oxides, smokes and fumes.

KARNAK THE SEAL OF QUALITY SDS Revision Date:

07/24/2024

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Based upon animal testing, the C9 aromatic hydrocarbon components (trimethylbenzenes and ethylmethylbenzenes) are presumed to cause fetal toxicity and/or decreased fetal and newborn weights if overexposure occurs during the early gestation period.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Calcium carbonate - (1317-65-3)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic - (64742-95- 6)	6,800.00, Rat - Category: NA	3,400.00, Rabbit - Category: 5	No data available	No data available	No data available
Hydrocarbons, C6-20, polymers, hydrogenated - (69430- 35-9)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Titanium dioxide - (13463-67-7)	10,000.00, Rat - Category: NA	10,000.00, Rabbit - Category: NA	No data available	6.82, Rat - Category: NA	No data available
Amorphous fumed silica - (112945-52-5)	3,160.00, Rat - Category: 5	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzylbis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)methyl, bis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)dimethylammoniu - (121888-67-3)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

SDS Revision Date:



07/24/2024

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation		Not Applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation		Not Applicable
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and GHS and is not classified as dangerous for the environment, but contains substance(s) dangerous for the environment. See section 3 for details

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Calcium carbonate - (1317-65-3)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic - (64742-95- 6)	9.22, Oncorhynchus mykiss	6.14, Daphnia magna	19.00 (72 hr), Selenastrum capricornutum
Hydrocarbons, C6-20, polymers, hydrogenated - (69430- 35-9)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Titanium dioxide - (13463-67-7)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Amorphous fumed silica - (112945-52-5)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzylbis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)methyl, bis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)dimethylammoniu - (121888-67-3)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

SDS Revision Date:

07/24/2024



12.2. Persistence and degradability
There is no data available on the preparation itself.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
Not Measured
12.4. Mobility in soil
No data available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.
12.6. Other adverse effects
No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

14. Transport information				
	DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation)	IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)	ICAO/IATA	
14.1. UN number	Not Applicable	UN 1263	UN 1263	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Regulated	Paint Related Material	Paint Related Material	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group	DOT Hazard Class: Not Applicable Not Applicable	IMDG: Class 3 Sub Class: Not Applicable		
		PGIII	PGIII	
14.5. Environmental hazar	ds			
IMDG Mar	i ne Pollutant: No			
14.6. Special precautions	for user			
Not	further information			

SDS Revision Date:

KARNAK

07/24/2024

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory OverviewThe regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected
regulations are represented.Toxic Substance
Control Act (TSCA)All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA
Inventory.WHMIS ClassificationB3US EPA Tier II HazardsFire: Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure: No
Reactive: No
Immediate (Acute): No

Delayed (Chronic): No

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Ethyl Benzene

California Proposition 65 (>0.0%):

▲ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including titanium dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive hazards. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

Calcium carbonate

Titanium dioxide

Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

Calcium carbonate

Titanium dioxide

16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

SDS Revision Date:



07/24/2024

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

Disclaimer: This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The information has been completed to the best of our knowledge and is believed to be accurate and reliable as from the date indicated. However, no warranty is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of such information for his own particular use.

End of Document