

# Safety Data Sheet

## NEOGARD FC URETHANE BASECOAT FC7500 GRAY



Conforms to ANSI Z400.1-2010 Standard - HCS 2012

Protective Clothing	General Hazard	DOT

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : NEOGARD FC URETHANE BASECOAT  
GRAY  
Product identity : 4506716650, FC7500  
Product type : polyurethane paint (base for multi-component product)

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application : buildings and metal industry.  
Ready-for-use mixture : Mixing Ratio:  
45063 = 45067 9 Vol. / 95077 1 Vol.  
Identified uses : Industrial/Professional use  
TSCA : **Unless otherwise stated. All components are listed or exempted.**

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details : NEOGARD, a Division of Hempel (USA), Inc.  
2728 Empire Central  
Dallas, TX 75235  
Phone number: 1-214-353-1600  
E-mail: [hempel@hempel.com](mailto:hempel@hempel.com)

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

For Transportation Emergencies : CHEMTREC: **1-800-424-9300** (Toll-free in the U.S., Canada and the U.S. Virgin Islands) **703-527-3887**  
(24 hours)  
For calls originating elsewhere (Collect calls are accepted). Contract number: CCN10384  
To preserve the effectiveness of arrangements for providing accurate and timely emergency response information, the basic identifying information (shipper name or contract number) must be included on shipping papers.  
If the purchaser of this product is going to be shipping this product to other locations, the purchaser must arrange for its own Emergency Information Provider to respond to transport incidents. Hempel's 24 hour response contract does not cover non-Hempel shipments.  
For all other information : In USA toll free calling available: 1-800- 678-6641 or (936)-523-6000  
(8 AM - 5 PM CST) See Section 4 of the safety data sheet (first aid measures).

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).  
GHS Classification : ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4  
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

#### 2.2 Label elements

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### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word :	Danger
Hazard statements :	H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H332 - Harmful if inhaled. H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)
Precautionary statements :	
Prevention :	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response :	Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Disposal :	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements :	None known.

### 2.3 Other hazards

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product definition :	Mixture
Physical state :	Liquid.

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	GHS Classification
limestone	1317-65-3	≥10 - ≤25	Not classified.
bis(2-ethylhexyl) terephthalate	6422-86-2	≥5 - ≤10	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
propylene carbonate	108-32-7	≥5 - ≤10	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	≥1 - ≤3	Not classified.
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9	≥1 - <3	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Zeolites, 5A	69912-79-4	≥1 - ≤3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
respirable quartz	14808-60-7	<1	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General :	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 911 and give immediate treatment (first aid).
Eye contact :	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.
Inhalation :	Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give nothing by mouth. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact :	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion :	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.
Protection of first-aiders :	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

##### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation :	Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact :	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

##### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion :	No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician :	If gasses have been inhaled, from the decomposition of the product, symptoms may be delayed.
Specific treatments :	No specific treatment.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media :	Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO <sub>2</sub> , powders, water spray. Not to be used: waterjet.
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#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture :	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous combustion products :	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all direct contact with the spilled material. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Contains isocyanates. Exposure to isocyanate may result in acute irritation and/or sensitisation when breathing.  
**Care should be taken when re-opening partly-used containers.**

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids as well as of amines, alcohols and water. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.  
This product may be applied using several application techniques and methods of handling may be different for each. Application techniques include [but are not limited to] brushing, rolling, and spray application [conventional, HPLV, airless, pleural component or aerosol can]. Avoid the breathing of vapors and, if spraying, do not breath spray mist or aerosols.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**8.1 Control parameters**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
limestone  titanium dioxide  3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate  respirable quartz	<p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b>                      TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction                      TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [calcium carbonate]</b>                      TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction                      TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Total</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b>                      TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b>                      TWA: 2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b>                      TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin.</b>                      STEL: 0.18 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.                      STEL: 0.02 ppm 15 minutes.                      TWA: 0.045 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.                      TWA: 0.005 ppm 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).</b>                      TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO<sub>2</sub>+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable                      TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> / (%SiO<sub>2</sub>+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica, crystalline]</b>                      TWA: 50 µg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica, crystalline]</b>                      TWA: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [SILICA, CRYSTALLINE]</b>                      TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: respirable dust</p>

**Recommended monitoring procedures**

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Provide local exhaust and general ventilation systems to maintain airborne concentrations below OSHA, ACGIH, and manufacturer recommended exposure limits. Local exhaust ventilation is preferred because it prevents contaminant dispersion into work areas by controlling it at its source. Use local and general exhaust ventilation to effectively remove and prevent buildup of mists/vapors/fumes generated from the handling of this product.

Note: Local exhaust ventilation is designed to capture an emitted contaminant at or near its source, before the contaminant has a chance to disperse into the workplace air. General exhaust ventilation, also called dilution ventilation, is different from local exhaust ventilation because instead of capturing emissions at their source and removing them from the air, general exhaust ventilation allows the contaminant to be emitted into the workplace air and then dilutes the concentration of the contaminant to an acceptable level (e.g., to the PEL or below).

**Individual protection measures**

- General : Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.
- Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day.
- Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Hand protection : Wear chemical-resistant gloves in combination with 'basic' employee training. The quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:

Recommended: Silver Shield / Barrier / 4H gloves, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®  
Short term exposure: neoprene rubber, butyl rubber, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl chloride (PVC)

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved handling this product.  
Wear suitable protective clothing. Always wear protective clothing when spraying.

Respiratory protection : If working areas have insufficient ventilation, wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type Organic Vapor, when grinding use particle filter of type P95, P99 or P100. When spraying use a combined filter (organic vapor / HEPA or organic vapor / P100 type). Be sure to use approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Always wear an air-fed respirator when spraying in a continuous and prolonged work situation (e.g. hood with supply of fresh or compressed air or a full face, powered air purifying filter).

Protective clothing (pictograms) :



Note: Application of paint products by spraying requires additional safety precautions: Full body suit, Full face respirator with air supplied.

### Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state :	Liquid.
Color :	Gray
Odor :	isocyanate
pH :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Melting point/freezing point :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Boiling point/boiling range :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Flash point :	Closed cup: 135°C (275°F)
Evaporation rate :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Flammability :	Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits :	0.7 - 14.3 vol %
Vapor pressure :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Vapor density :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Relative density :	1.23 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Partition coefficient (LogKow) :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Auto-ignition temperature :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Decomposition temperature :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Viscosity :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Explosive properties :	Not available.
Oxidizing properties :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

#### 9.2 Other information

Solvent(s) % by weight (Included exempt solvent(s)):	0.26 % (w/w)
Water % by weight :	Weighted average: 0 %



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### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

VOC content (Coatings) :	0.0267 lbs/gal (3.2 g/l)
VOC content (Regulatory) :	0.0284 lbs/gal (3.4 g/l)
TOC Content (Volatile) :	Weighted average: 3 g/l
Solvent Gas :	Weighted average: 0.017 m <sup>3</sup> /l

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

No specific data.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids.

Slightly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.

Isocyanate containing products have characteristics that include producing acute irritation and/or sensitisation when breathing, subsequent asthmatic problems and lung contractions. Sensitised people can, as a result from this, show asthmatic symptoms with exposure to atmospheric concentrations far below the TLV. Repeated exposures will lead to permanent damage to the respiratory system.

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
limestone propylene carbonate	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	33520 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
3-isocyanatomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	0.03 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4825 mg/kg	-

#### Acute toxicity estimates

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	1.69 mg/l

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure
bis(2-ethylhexyl) terephthalate propylene carbonate	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	504 hours 0.5 Percent Intermittent 60 milligrams
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	
titanium dioxide	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	

#### Carcinogen Classification

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	OSHA
titanium dioxide respirable quartz	2B 1	- Known to be a human carcinogen.	- +

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
Zeolites, 5A	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
respirable quartz	Category 1	inhalation	lungs

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Sensitization : Contains 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Other information : No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

When spilled, this product may act as an oil, causing a film, sheen, emulsion, or sludge at or beneath the surface of a body of water. Oils of any kind can cause: (a) drowning of waterfowl due to lack of buoyancy, loss of insulating capacity of feathers, starvation and vulnerability to predators due to lack of mobility; (b) lethal effect on fish by coating gill surfaces, preventing respiration; (c) potential fish kills resulting from alteration in biochemical oxygen demand; (d) asphyxiation of benthic life forms when floating masses become engaged with surface debris and settle on the bottom; and (e) adverse aesthetic effects of fouled shoreline and beaches.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability



### SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
bis(2-ethylhexyl) terephthalate	301B Ready Biodegradability - CO <sub>2</sub> Evolution Test	73.05 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
propylene carbonate	OECD 301B 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO <sub>2</sub> Evolution Test	83.5 - 87.7 % - Readily - 29 days	-	-
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	- OECD	>70 % - 28 days 0 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
bis(2-ethylhexyl) terephthalate	-	-	Readily
propylene carbonate	-	-	Readily
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	-	-	Not readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
bis(2-ethylhexyl) terephthalate	8.39	393	low
propylene carbonate	-0.41	-	low
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	0.99	-	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : No known data available in our database.

Mobility : No known data available in our database.

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7 and Section 8 for additional handling information and protection of employees.

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport may take place according to national regulation or DOT for transport by road and by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for Air shipment. Refer to specific Dangerous Goods Transport requirements under 49CFR, ICAO and IATA.

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### SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env*	Additional information
<b>DOT Code</b>	Not regulated.				
<b>TDG Code</b>	Not regulated.				
<b>SCT Code</b>	Not regulated.				
<b>IMDG Code</b>	Not regulated.				
<b>IATA Code</b>	Not regulated.				

Code : Classification  
PG\* : Packing group  
Env.\* : Environmental hazards

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal regulations :

All components are active or exempted.

**TSCA 4(a) final test rules:** nonane

**TSCA 8(a) PAIR:** 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate; nonane

**TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b):** All components are active or exempted.

**TSCA 8(c) calls for record of SAR:** 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate

**Clean Water Act (CWA) 307:** bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate; ethylbenzene

**Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:** xylene; ethylbenzene

**Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** : Listed

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Concentration
xylene	1330-20-7	0.020172
bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.0081031
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.004428

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances** : Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Not listed

**SARA 302/304 :**

Product/ingredient name	%	EHS	SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
			(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	≥1 - <3	Yes.	500	56.7	500	56.7

**SARA 304 RQ :**

28189.8 lbs / 12798.2 kg [2742 gal / 10379.7 L]

# Safety Data Sheet

## NEOGARD FC URETHANE BASECOAT FC7500 GRAY



### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**SARA 311/312 Classification :** ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4  
 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Product/ingredient name	%	Classification
bis(2-ethylhexyl) terephthalate propylene carbonate 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	≥5 - ≤10 ≥5 - ≤10 ≥1 - <3	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Zeolites, 5A	≥1 - ≤3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
respirable quartz	<1	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

**SARA 313 :** SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

**Form R - Reporting requirements :**

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Concentration
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9	1 - 3

**Supplier notification :**

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Concentration
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9	1 - 3

**State regulations :**

**Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting:** None of the components are listed.  
**Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey:** None of the components are listed.  
**Florida substances:** None of the components are listed.  
**Illinois Chemical Safety Act:** None of the components are listed.  
**Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act:** None of the components are listed.  
**Louisiana Reporting:** None of the components are listed.  
**Louisiana Spill:** None of the components are listed.  
**Massachusetts Substances:** The following components are listed: CALCIUM CARBONATE; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE  
**Massachusetts Spill:** None of the components are listed.  
**Michigan Critical Material:** None of the components are listed.  
**Minnesota Hazardous Substances:** None of the components are listed.  
**New Jersey Spill:** None of the components are listed.  
**New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act:** None of the components are listed.  
**New Jersey Hazardous Substances:** The following components are listed: CALCIUM CARBONATE; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE; SILICA, QUARTZ  
**New York Hazardous Substances:** The following components are listed: Isophorone diisocyanate  
**New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting:** None of the components are listed.  
**Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances:** The following components are listed: LIMESTONE; TITANIUM OXIDE; CYCLOHEXANE, 5-ISOCYANATO-1-(ISOCYANATOMETHYL)-1,3,3-TRIMETHYL-  
**Rhode Island Hazardous Substances:** None of the components are listed.

**California Prop. 65 PFF :**

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, Silica, crystalline, Carbon black and Ethylbenzene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

Product/ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
titanium dioxide	Yes.	No.		
respirable quartz	Yes.	No.		
carbonblack	Yes.	No.		
bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	Yes.	

# Safety Data Sheet

## NEOGARD FC URETHANE BASECOAT FC7500 GRAY

### SECTION 16: Other information

Remarks : Note: In USA, consult Code of Federal Regulations, Title 29, Labor, Parts 1910 and 1915 concerning occupational safety and health standards and regulations, as well as any other applicable Federal, State or local regulations that apply to safe practices in coating operations.  
Warning! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD is TOXIC.

Validation : Validated by US - HSE Products Coordinator on 19 December 2023

#### GHS Classification

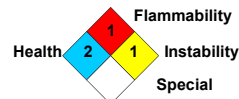
Procedure used to derive the classification.

Classification	Justification
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	* 3
Fire hazard	1
Physical hazards	0
Personal protection	X

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) shown in this section is a suggestion. Since conditions vary from one work location to another consult the facility safety & health program. Customer or end user is responsible to evaluate worker exposure conditions at the site of application and determine the appropriate PPE suitable for workers at that particular facility or location.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms :

ANSI = American National Standards Institute  
HCS = Hazardous Communication System  
TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act  
CFR = Code of federal Regulations  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
OSHA = United States Occupational Health and Safety Administration  
NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health  
ACGIH = American Conference of Industrial Hygienists  
IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer.  
NTP = National Toxicology Program  
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
DOT = United States Department of Transportation  
ERG = Emergency Response Guide  
TDG = Transport of Dangerous Goods, Canada  
SCT = Transportation & Communications Ministry, Mexico  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
SARA = Superfund Amendments Reauthorization Act  
EPCRA = Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act

#### Notice to reader

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

*To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.*